Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- (Currently Amended) An isolated polynucleotide which encodes a polypeptide with sucrose synthase activity comprising a member selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) a polynucleotide having at least 89% 95% sequence identity, as determined by the GAP algorithm under default parameters, to a the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 11;
 - (b) a polynucleotide encoding a the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 12;
 - (c) a polynucleotide amplified from Zea mays nucleic acids using primers
 which selectively hybridize, under stringent hybridization conditions, to
 loci within a polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 11;
 - (d) a polynucleotide which selectively hybridizes, under stringent hybridization conditions and a wash in 0.1X SSC at about 65°C, to a polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 11;
 - (e) (c) a polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 11; and
 - (f) (d) a polynucleotide which is complementary to a polynucleotide of (a), (b), or (c), or (e); and .
 - (g) a polynucleotide comprising at least 50 contiguous nucleotides from a polynucleotide of (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f).

- (Currently Amended) A recombinant expression cassette, comprising a
 member the polynucleotide of claim 1 operably linked, in sense or anti-sense
 orientation, to a promoter.
- (Original) A host cell comprising the recombinant expression cassette of claim 2.
- (Currently Amended) A transgenic plant comprising a <u>the</u> recombinant expression cassette of claim 2.
- 5. (Original) The transgenic plant of claim 4, wherein said plant is a monocot.
- 6. (Original) The transgenic plant of claim 4, wherein said plant is a dicot.
- (Original) The transgenic plant of claim 4, wherein said plant is selected from the group consisting of: maize, soybean, sunflower, sorghum, canola, wheat, alfalfa, cotton, rice, barley, millet, peanut, and cocoa.
- 8. (Original) A seed from the transgenic plant of claim 4.
- (Currently Amended) A method of modulating the level of sucrose synthase in a transgenic plant, comprising:
 - introducing into a plant cell a recombinant expression cassette comprising a <u>the</u> polynucleotide of claim 1 operably linked to a promoter;
 - (b) culturing the plant cell under plant cell growing conditions;
 - (c) regenerating said transgenic plant; and

- (d) expressing growing said transgenic plant to express said polynucleotide, which results in production of an encoded protein, for a time-sufficient to modulate the level of sucrose synthase in said plant.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein said plant is selected from the group consisting of: maize, soybean, sunflower, sorghum, canola, wheat, alfalfa, cotton, rice, barley, millet, peanut, and cocoa.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 9, wherein the encoded protein comprises a member selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 12;
 - (b) a polypeptide having at least 80% 95% identity to, and having at least one epitope in common with, a the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 12, wherein said sequence identity is determined using the GAP algorithm under default parameters; and
 - (c) at least one polypeptide encoded by a member the polynucleotide of claim 1.

12. (Cancelled)

- 13. (Currently Amended) A method of increasing cellulose production in the stalk tissue of a transgenic plant, comprising:
 - (a) introducing into a plant cell a recombinant expression cassette comprising a sucrose synthase polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter:
 - (b) culturing the plant cell under plant cell growing conditions;
 - (c) regnerating regenerating said transgenic plant; and
 - (d) expressing growing said transgenic plant to express said polynucleotide for a time sufficient to increase the level of sucrose

synthase in said <u>transgenic</u> plant <u>so as to increase the cellulose</u> <u>production in the stalk tissue of the transgenic plant</u>.

- 14. (Original) The method of clalm 13, wherein said plant is selected from the group consisting of: maize, soybean, sunflower, sorghum, canola, wheat, alfalfa, cotton, rice, barley, millet, peanut, and cocoa.
- (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said sucrose synthase polynucleotide is Sus1, Sh1, or Sus3 from maize.
- (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein said promoter preferentially directs expression in stalk tissue.
- 17. (Currently Amended) A method of increasing the concentration of cellulose in the tissues of a seed of a transgenic plant, comprising:
 - introducing into a plant cell a recombinant expression cassette comprising a sucrose synthase polynucleotide operably linked to a promoter;
 - (b) culturing the plant cell under plant cell growing conditions;
 - (c) regnerating regenerating said transgenic plant; and
 - (d) expressing growing said transgenic plant to express said polynucleotide for a time sufficient to increase the level of sucrose synthase in said seed of said transgenic plant so as to increase the concentration of cellulose in the tissues of a seed of said transgenic plant.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein said plant is selected from the group consisting of: maize, soybean, sunflower, sorghum, canola, wheat, alfalfa, cotton, rice, barley, millet, peanut, and cocoa.

- (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein said sucrose synthase 19. polynucleotide is Sus1, Sh1, or Sus3 from maize.
- (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein said promoter preferentially 20. directs expression in the seed.
- (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein said promoter preferentially 21. directs expression in the pericarp.